



550 Howe Avenue, Suite 210
Sacramento, California 95825
Telephone: (916) 564-8727
FAX: (916) 564-8728

To the Board of Directors and Management
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Woodland, CA

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and major Special Revenue Fund of the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (the Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

During our audit, we became aware of the following matters that have been included for your consideration:

Creation of Policies and Procedures

We recommend YSGA consider approving an investment policy, capital assets policy, employee and Board expense reimbursement policy, procurement policy and fraud reporting policy, as applicable. A good starting point would be the policies and procedures of a member agency.

We also recommend the Administrative Coordinator document procedures performed to process transactions so another employee/contract employee would have procedures to follow in case of turnover. Areas to document may include how to process cash receipts, cash disbursements and bank reconciliations in QuickBooks, what documentation should be maintained, how to produce QuickBooks budget and other reports used by the Board as well as when and how to prepare required regulatory/State filings and information for Board meetings. We would recommend keeping the information basic initially and adding to it over time as time permits.

Administrative Services Agreement

The Administrative Services Agreement with Water Resource Association of Yolo County (WRA) indicates a flat amount of \$120,000 will be paid by YSGA to WRA at the beginning of the year for administrative services, which creates a contractual liability for that amount. The WRA only billed \$100,000 of the flat amount because the WRA Administrative Coordinator did not work as many hours on Agency activity as expected during the year

ended June 30, 2018. We recommended the remaining \$20,000 of the administrative fee be accrued as an expense because there was no provision in the agreement to reduce the \$120,000 fee if the Administrative Coordinator worked less than expected on Agency activity. The WRA agreement is different than the agreement with Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District), which indicated the District would be reimbursed for expenses incurred up to a limit. We recommend the Agency and WRA consider whether the WRA's administrative agreement should be adjusted to include a clause similar to the District's agreement to reimburse actual expenses up to a limit or some other reimbursement model (pay three quarters of the limit and true-up to actual expenses in the fourth quarter) if the agreement is not consistent with how the two agencies intend to operate the agreement.

* * * * *

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and others within the Agency, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 27, 2019

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

Audited Financial Statements and
Compliance Report

June 30, 2018

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

Audited Financial Statements and
Compliance Report

June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Woodland, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major Special Revenue Fund of the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (the Agency), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the major Special Revenue Fund of the Agency as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2019 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 27, 2019

Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OVERVIEW

The Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (Agency) was formed under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement on June 19, 2017 pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, California Government Code §§ 6500 *et seq.* The California Legislature enacted the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), effective January 1, 2015, requiring the formation of a Groundwater Sustainability Agency for the each of the regional subbasins in the State.

The Agency was formed for the purpose of acting as the Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) for the Yolo Subbasin. The Agency is considered the exclusive GSA for the Yolo Subbasin.

The mission of the Agency is to provide a dynamic, cost-effective, flexible collegial organization to ensure compliance with SGMA within the Yolo Subbasin. Each of the member agencies and affiliated parties will have initial responsibility for groundwater management within their respective jurisdictional boundaries and the Agency will serve a coordinating and administrative role for developing the Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). The Yolo Subbasin GSP will be completed by January 1, 2022 to meet the State's deadline.

DESCRIPTION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Agency maintains its accounting records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for a Special Revenue Fund of the governmental fund group as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board. A Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are either restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. Agency's revenues are legally restricted under a joint powers agreement provided for under the California Government Code. The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires that fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Agency is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories include non-spendable and restricted funds. Non-spendable fund balance represents amounts such as prepaid expenses that are not available for expenditure because they are not expected to be converted to cash. The Agency's revenues are legally restricted for the purpose of managing the Yolo groundwater subbasin, so any residual amounts would be considered restricted fund balance.

The basic financial statements include the statement of net position/governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of activities/statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Additionally, the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget to actual is included on page 8 of this report.

Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The Agency as a single governmental JPA presents their fund financial statements with their government wide statements on the Statement of Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in fund balance and net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether Agency's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities/statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports all of Agency's revenues and expenses/expenditures during the periods indicated. This statement reflects the operating activity as both a Special Revenue Fund and also converts to a statement of activities, if applicable. All changes in fund balance are reported as soon as the underlying event is measurable and available. Expenditures/expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. amounts due to vendors) for both the fund balance and net position. Revenues are reported when available (i.e. grant awards) for fund balance and reported when earned under the accrual basis in the statement of net position.

The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget to actual illustrate the actual results compared to the legally adopted budget on a fund basis. The fund basis does not include depreciation expense and includes capital asset purchases as expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 9 to 14 of this report.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Agency has no noncurrent assets or liabilities. Consequently, the financial analysis below represents an analysis of governmental fund and government-wide activities.

REVENUES

Fiscal Year 2017-2018 Revenues:

The Agency's principal source of revenue is from dues contributions received from its member agencies. The total revenue received from this source for the fiscal year was \$446,874. Revenues for the Agency matched the budget, which is the result of member agencies contributing required assessments, with the exception of the budgeted white areas contributions that were not charged during the year.

Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Fiscal Year 2017-2018 Expenditures/Expenses:

Total expenditures/expenses for the fiscal year was \$263,618. This was primarily for administrative and technical services. Overall these costs were \$131,946 lower than budgeted. Project management, legal, consulting services and monitoring sensors expenditures were lower than expected due to the Agency being in its first year of existence and is still in the process of determining the required services.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

On June 19, 2017, Agency JPA Agreement was adopted and executed by all member agencies and a Fiscal Year 2017-2018 "Interim" Budget was adopted.

On the September 18, 2017, the Board approved the Yolo County Flood Control & Water Conservation District (the District) as the Proposition 1 Sustainable Groundwater Program Grant applicant and fiscal agent on behalf of the Agency. The Board approved the District submitting a \$1 million grant request to the California Department of Water Resources (DWR).

On November 13, 2017, the Agency's Board adopted a Fiscal Year 2017-2018 budget and entered into agreements with the Water Resources Association of Yolo County and the District for administrative and administrative/technical services, respectively.

On March 19, 2018, the Agency's Board adopted Resolution 2018-1 signifying the formal initiation of developing the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP).

The Agency was awarded a \$1 million Proposition 1 planning grant from DWR to develop a GSP for the Yolo subbasin. Acting as the fiscal agent for the Agency, the District executed an agreement with the DWR in November 2018 for the planning grant. On June 18, 2018, the Agency approved the District continuing to serve as fiscal agent and grant manager for the Proposition 1 planning grant.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Agency Board approved a two-year budget (fiscal years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019) on June 19, 2017 which was amended on June 18, 2018. The Board agreed that the Agency's organizational structure and fee schedule would be revisited after the second year of operations.

CONTACTING THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our stakeholders with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional information, contact the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency, 34274 State Highway 16, Woodland, CA 95695 or at yologroundwater.org.

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND
GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 335,538		\$ 335,538
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 335,538</u>		<u>335,538</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,720		1,720
Due to other governments	148,488		148,488
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>150,208</u>		<u>150,208</u>
FUND BALANCE			
Restricted for groundwater sustainability activities	<u>185,330</u>	<u>\$ (185,330)</u>	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>185,330</u>	<u>(185,330)</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 335,538</u>		
NET POSITION			
Restricted for groundwater sustainability activities		<u>185,330</u>	<u>185,330</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION		<u>\$ 185,330</u>	<u>\$ 185,330</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
Administration services	\$ 120,000		\$ 120,000
Project management	86,424		86,424
Yolo County groundwater monitoring program	42,064		42,064
Legal	12,234		12,234
Services and supplies	2,896		2,896
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	<u>263,618</u>		<u>263,618</u>
NET PROGRAM EXPENSES	<u>263,618</u>		<u>263,618</u>
GENERAL REVENUES			
Member contributions			
Rural	221,874		221,874
Municipal	160,000		160,000
Affiliates	65,000		65,000
Use of money and property	2,074		2,074
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>448,948</u>		<u>448,948</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	185,330	\$ (185,330)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		185,330	185,330
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year			
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 185,330</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 185,330</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Member contributions				
Rural	\$ 241,874	\$ 221,874	\$ 221,874	
Municipal	160,000	160,000	160,000	
Affiliates	65,000	65,000	65,000	
White areas		20,000		\$ (20,000)
Use of money and property		2,000	2,074	74
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>466,874</u>	<u>468,874</u>	<u>448,948</u>	<u>(19,926)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Administration services	120,000	120,000	120,000	
Project management	110,000	110,000	86,424	23,576
Yolo County groundwater monitoring program		42,064	42,064	
Legal	20,000	20,000	12,234	7,766
Consulting services	20,000	20,000		20,000
Monitoring sensors	80,000	80,000		80,000
Services and supplies		3,500	2,896	604
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>350,000</u>	<u>395,564</u>	<u>263,618</u>	<u>131,946</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 116,874</u>	<u>\$ 73,310</u>	185,330	<u>\$ 112,020</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			<u>\$ 185,330</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (the Agency) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies of the Agency are described below.

Nature of Activities: The Agency was formed under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement on June 19, 2017 pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, California Government Code §§ 6500 *et seq* for the purpose of acting as the Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) for the Yolo Subbasin. The California Legislature enacted the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), effective January 1, 2015, requiring the formation of a Groundwater Sustainability Agency for the each of the regional subbasins in the State.

The Agency was formed for the purpose of acting as the Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) for the Yolo Subbasin. The Agency is considered the exclusive GSA for the Yolo Subbasin.

The Agency’s mission is to provide a dynamic, cost-effective, flexible collegial organization to ensure compliance with SGMA within the Yolo Subbasin. Each of the member agencies and affiliated parties will have initial responsibility for groundwater management within their respective jurisdictional boundaries and the Agency will serve a coordinating and administrative role for developing the Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). The Yolo Subbasin GSP will be completed by January 1, 2022 to meet the State’s deadline.

The Agency’s members and affiliated parties cited in the Agency’s JPA agreement include:

Member agencies:

- City of Davis
- City of Winters
- Dunnigan Water District
- Madison Community Service District
- Reclamation District 537
- Reclamation District 765
- Reclamation District 787
- Reclamation District 1600
- Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation
- Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
- City of West Sacramento
- City of Woodland
- Esparto Community Service District
- Reclamation District 108
- Reclamation District 730
- Reclamation District 785
- Reclamation District 827
- Reclamation District 2035
- Yolo County

Affiliated parties:

- California American Water Company – Dunnigan
- Environmental Party Representative
- Private Pumper Representative as appointed by the Yolo County Farm Bureau
- Colusa Drain Mutual Water Company
- University of California, Davis

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to the agencies above, as described in Note D, the Agency and the Water Resources Association of Yolo County (WRA) have common board members and management. The Agency had no employees or capital assets as of June 30, 2018. The WRA and Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District provide administration and technical support to the Agency.

Initial Year of Operations: The year ended June 30, 2018 was the Agency's initial year of operations.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including interest income, are presented as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions in which the Agency gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements and contributions. These revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met. When nonexchange revenues are received before eligibility requirements are met, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned.

The Agency had no noncurrent assets or liabilities and, therefore, the activities reported in the Special Revenue Fund also represent the amounts reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements: The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund is established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions or limitations. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Agency reports its activities in a Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant funds and exchange revenue earned but not received are recorded as a receivable. Grant funds and exchange revenue received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met or not received within the availability period are reported as deferred inflows or unearned revenues, respectively.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term liabilities, expenditures related to claims and judgments and expenditures related to compensated absences are recognized to the extent they have matured and are

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

payable from current financial resources. General capital asset purchases are reported as capital outlay expenditures and proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Agency's only major governmental fund is the Special Revenue Fund. The Special Revenue Fund is the general operating fund of the Agency and accounts for revenues restricted to providing groundwater sustainability activities of the Agency. The fund is charged with all costs of operations.

Revenue Recognition: The major source of revenue for the Agency is member contributions. The contributions from municipal members and affiliated parties is a flat amount approved by the Board, while the contributions by rural agencies is \$.50 per acre. The Board of Directors approved budgeted contributions from "white areas" not included in the boundaries of member agencies, but no contributions were billed for these areas during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Fund Balance: Governmental funds report nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned balances.

Nonspendable Funds – Fund balance should be reported as nonspendable when the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable balances are not expected to be converted to cash within the next operating cycle, which include prepaid expenses and long-term receivables. The Agency does not have nonspendable fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

Restricted Funds – Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All of the Agency's fund balance was restricted under the JPA agreement as of June 30, 2018. The Agency's restricted fund balance includes a Board designated cash reserve of \$24,000 set aside to cover approximately three months of estimated expenditures. The reserve may go below this level if expenditures are approved by the Board in excess of revenues. The Board may allocate funds in excess of the policy in the following fiscal year.

Committed Funds – Fund balance should be reported as committed when the amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a Resolution of Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing body modifies or removes the fund commitment with another Resolution. The Agency had no committed fund balance at June 30, 2018.

Assigned Funds – Fund balance should be reported as assigned when the amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Agency had no assigned fund balance at June 30, 2018.

Unassigned Funds – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification of the Agency's funds and includes all spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The Agency had no unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2018.

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budget: The Board approves all budgeted revenues and expenditures for the Special Revenue Fund. Budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the original budget as approved by the Board and the final budget, which includes modifications of the original budget through amendments approved by the Board of Directors during the year. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level. The budget may only be amended by the Board of Directors. The budget is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments:	
Bank deposits	\$ 100,394
Investment in the County of Yolo investment pool	<u>235,144</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 335,538</u>

Investment Policy: All investments are made in accordance with Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The Agency has contracted with the County of Yolo Chief Financial Officer to be the Auditor and Treasurer of the Agency. The Agency has no investment policy and currently only allows investment of excess funds in the County of Yolo investment pool.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2018 the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the County of Yolo investment pool was approximately 499 days.

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County of Yolo investment pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Agency's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. All investments of the Agency are in the County pool, which contains a diversification of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of this investment or collateral

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Agency’s investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the deposits was \$100,394 and the balance in financial institutions was \$100,394, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investment in County of Yolo Investment Pool: The Agency participates in the County of Yolo investment pool, which is managed by the Yolo County Treasurer. Funds deposited in the County pool are invested in accordance with the California State Government Code and the County investment policy. The County has established a financial oversight committee to monitor and review the management of funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6, Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. On a quarterly basis, interest is allocated to participants based on average daily balances. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in Yolo County's financial statements. The County of Yolo financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County Auditor Controller's office at 625 Court Street, Room 102, Woodland, CA 95695 or at yolocounty.org on the General Governments, Budget and Finance page.

NOTE C – INSURANCE

The Agency participates in the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA/JPIA) a public entity risk pool of California water agencies, for general and auto liability, public officials liability, and cybercrime liability. ACWA/JPIA provides insurance through the pool up to a certain level, beyond which group purchased commercial excess insurance is obtained. The Agency pays an annual premium to ACWA/JPIA that includes its pro-rata share of excess insurance premiums, charges for the pooled risk, claims adjusting and legal costs, and administrative and other costs to operate the ACWA/JPIA. The Agency’s deductibles and maximum coverage are as follows:

Coverage	ACWA/JPIA	Commercial Insurance	Deductible
General and auto liability (includes public officials liability)	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 55,000,000	None
Cyber liability		\$3,000,000 per occurrence 5,000,000 aggregated	\$ 1,000

YOLO SUBBASIN GROUNDWATER AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018

NOTE C – INSURANCE (Continued)

The Agency continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss to cover all claims for risk of loss to which the Agency is exposed. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage and there have been no reductions in insurance coverage.

NOTE D – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As discussed in Note A, the Agency is composed of various member agencies that share common Board Members.

The Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District) is a member agency that provided various administrative and technical services to the Agency under an administrative and technical services agreement. As of June 30, 2018, due to other governments in the amount of \$128,488 was payable to the District, including \$42,064 for the groundwater monitoring program, \$52,502 for administration and technical support and \$33,922 in reimbursements for consultants that assisted with its SGMA grant application.

The Water Resources Association of Yolo County (WRA) provides administrative services to the Agency under an administrative services agreement. As of June 30, 2018, the Agency reimbursed the WRA \$100,000 for administrative services. Due to other governments in the amount of \$20,000 was payable to the WRA at June 30, 2018. The WRA also paid expenses in the amount of \$9,145 on behalf of the Agency and was later reimbursed. The District provides office space free of charge to the WRA staff performing accounting services for the Agency. The WRA provides computer technology to the Agency under the agreement.

NOTE E – CONTINGENCIES

The Agency is eligible for the 2017 Proposition 1 Sustainable Groundwater Planning (SGWP) Grant from the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) for the purpose of developing a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). However, the Agency deferred administration of this grant to the District. The grant agreement amount will not exceed \$1,000,000. Costs charged to the grant program are subject to audit and potential adjustment by the DWR. Therefore, to the extent that District has not complied with rules and regulation governing the grant could ultimately result in the Agency incurring direct costs to develop the GSP. In the opinion of the Agency management, the ultimate liability, if any, from any such audits are not expected to have a significant impact on the Agency's operations.

The Agency is responsible for developing a GSP for the Yolo Subbasin under the 2014 Groundwater Sustainability Act. The GSP is subject to review and approval by the State of California, which could result in additional unanticipated costs to comply with State requirements.

COMPLIANCE REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Woodland, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major Special Revenue Fund of the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (the Agency), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 27, 2019



550 Howe Avenue, Suite 210
Sacramento, California 95825

Telephone: (916) 564-8727
FAX: (916) 564-8728

GOVERNANCE LETTER

To the Board of Directors
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency
Woodland, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and major Special Revenue Fund of the Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (the Agency) for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as information related to the planned scope and timing of the audit. We communicated such information to you in our engagement letter dated December 1, 2018 and to a member of the Board of Directors on February 8, 2019. Professional standards also require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Agency are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Agency during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive accounting estimate affecting the financial statements is used in determining the amount of liabilities recorded. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were the disclosures related to the related party transactions and contingencies disclosed in Notes D and E to the financial statements, respectively.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

To the Board of Directors
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Four adjustments were proposed during the audit, including three entries to accrue liabilities under the administrative agreements and an entry to reflect the Board approved cash reserve in the general ledger.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 27, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Agency's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Agency's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, which is RSI that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

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To the Board of Directors
Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of the Agency and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richardson & Company, LLP

February 27, 2019